119тн CONGRESS		
1st Session		
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To amend the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, to clarify the exemption relating to commercial activities, to grant the Attorney General authority to issue civil investigative demands under that Act, and to create civil penalties for failure to meet the registration requirements under that Act, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Blumenthal introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

# A BILL

To amend the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, to clarify the exemption relating to commercial activities, to grant the Attorney General authority to issue civil investigative demands under that Act, and to create civil penalties for failure to meet the registration requirements under that Act, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Sovereign Wealth
- 5 Fund Transparency Act".

1	SEC 9	ARIFICATION (	TE COMMED	CTAT	EVEMPTION

- 2 Section 3 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of
- 3 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 613), is amended, in the
- 4 matter preceding subsection (a), by inserting ", except
- 5 that the exemptions under paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-
- 6 section (d) shall not apply to any agent of a foreign prin-
- 7 cipal whose activities promote the public or political inter-
- 8 ests of a government of a foreign country or a foreign po-
- 9 litical party (including any and all activities undertaken
- 10 on behalf of a sovereign wealth fund)" before the colon
- 11 at the end.
- 12 SEC. 3. AUTHORIZING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO ISSUE
- 13 CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMANDS TO PRO-
- MOTE ENFORCEMENT OF DISCLOSURE RE-
- 15 QUIREMENTS FOR AGENTS OF FOREIGN
- 16 PRINCIPALS.
- 17 (a) Civil Investigative Demands Concerning
- 18 Registration of Agents of Foreign Principals.—
- 19 The Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended
- 20 (22 U.S.C. 611 et seq.) is amended—
- 21 (1) by redesignating sections 9 through 14 as
- sections 10 through 15; and
- 23 (2) by inserting after section 8 the following:

## 1 "SEC. 9. CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMANDS CONCERNING

- 2 REGISTRATION OF AGENTS OF FOREIGN
- 3 PRINCIPALS.
- 4 "(a) AUTHORITY OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—

5 "(1) AUTHORITY DESCRIBED.—Whenever the 6 Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee 7 has reason to believe that any person may be in pos-8 session, custody, or control of any documentary ma-9 terial, or may have any information, relevant to an 10 investigation under this Act, the Attorney General or 11 designee may, prior to the institution of a civil or 12 criminal proceeding by the United States thereon, 13 issue in writing, and cause to be served upon such 14 person, a civil investigative demand requiring such 15 person to produce such documentary material for in-16 spection and copying or reproduction, to answer in 17 writing written interrogatories with respect to such 18 documentary material or information, to give oral 19 testimony concerning such documentary material or 20 information, or to furnish any combination of such 21 material, answers, or testimony. Whenever a civil in-22 vestigative demand is an express demand for any 23 product of discovery, the Attorney General or des-24 ignee shall cause to be served, in any manner au-25 thorized by this section, a copy of such demand upon 26 the person from whom the discovery was obtained

1	and notify the person to whom such demand is
2	issued of the date on which such copy was served.
3	"(2) Limiting individuals who may serve
4	AS DESIGNEES.—The Attorney General may not des-
5	ignate any individual other than the Assistant Attor-
6	ney General for National Security or a Deputy At-
7	torney General to carry out the authority provided
8	under this section.
9	"(b) Contents and Deadlines.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each demand issued under
11	subsection (a) shall—
12	"(A) state the nature of the conduct con-
13	stituting the alleged violation of this Act that is
14	under investigation and the provision of this
15	Act alleged to be violated;
16	"(B) if such demand is for the production
17	of documentary material—
18	"(i) describe each class of documen-
19	tary material to be produced with such
20	definiteness and certainty as to permit
21	such material to be fairly identified;
22	"(ii) prescribe a return date for each
23	such class that will provide a reasonable
24	period of time within which the material so
25	demanded may be assembled and made

1	available for inspection and copying or re-
2	production; and
3	"(iii) identify the custodian to whom
4	such material shall be made available;
5	"(C) if such demand is for answers to write
6	ten interrogatories—
7	"(i) set forth with specificity the writ-
8	ten interrogatories to be answered;
9	"(ii) prescribe dates at which time an-
10	swers to written interrogatories shall be
11	submitted; and
12	"(iii) identify the custodian to whom
13	such answers shall be submitted; and
14	"(D) if such demand is for the giving of
15	oral testimony—
16	"(i) prescribe a date, time, and place
17	at which oral testimony shall be com-
18	menced;
19	"(ii) identify an investigator who shall
20	conduct the examination and the custodian
21	to whom the transcript of such examina-
22	tion shall be submitted;
23	"(iii) specify that such attendance and
24	testimony are necessary to the conduct of
25	the investigation;

1	"(iv) notify the person receiving the
2	demand of the right to be accompanied by
3	an attorney and any other representatives
4	and
5	"(v) describe the general purpose for
6	which the demand is being issued and the
7	general nature of the testimony, including
8	the primary areas of inquiry, which will be
9	taken pursuant to the demand.
10	"(2) Product of discovery.—Any civil inves-
11	tigative demand issued under this section that is an
12	express demand for any product of discovery shall
13	not be returned or returnable until 20 days after a
14	copy of such demand has been served upon the per-
15	son from whom the discovery was obtained.
16	"(3) Date.—The date prescribed for the com-
17	mencement of oral testimony pursuant to a civil in-
18	vestigative demand issued under subsection (a) shall
19	be a date that is not less than 7 days after the date
20	on which demand is received, unless the Attorney
21	General or the Attorney General's designee deter-
22	mines that exceptional circumstances are present
23	which warrant the commencement of such testimony
24	within a lesser period of time.

1	"(4) Notification.—The Attorney General
2	shall not authorize the issuance under this section of
3	more than 1 civil investigative demand for oral testi-
4	mony by the same person unless the person requests
5	otherwise or unless the Attorney General, after in-
6	vestigation, notifies that person in writing that an
7	additional demand for oral testimony is necessary.
8	"(c) Protected Material or Information.—
9	"(1) In general.—A civil investigative de-
10	mand issued under subsection (a) may not require
11	the production of any documentary material, the
12	submission of any answers to written interrogatories,
13	or the giving of any oral testimony if such material,
14	answers, or testimony would be protected from dis-
15	closure under—
16	"(A) the standards applicable to subpoenas
17	or subpoenas duces tecum issued by a court of
18	the United States in aid of a grand jury inves-
19	tigation; or
20	"(B) the standards applicable to discovery
21	requests under the Federal Rules of Civil Pro-
22	cedure, to the extent that the application of
23	such standards to any such demand is appro-
24	priate and consistent with the provisions and
25	purposes of this Act.

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"(2) Effect on other orders, rules, and Laws.—Any such demand that is an express demand for any product of discovery supersedes any inconsistent order, rule, or provision of law (other than this Act) preventing or restraining disclosure of such product of discovery to any person. Disclosure of any product of discovery pursuant to any such express demand does not constitute a waiver of any right or privilege, including without limitation any right or privilege which may be invoked to resist discovery of trial preparation materials, to which the person making such disclosure may be entitled.

## "(d) Service; Jurisdiction.—

- "(1) By Whom Served.—Any civil investigative demand issued under subsection (a) may be served by an appropriate investigator, or by a United States marshal or deputy marshal, at any place within the territorial jurisdiction of any court of the United States.
- "(2) SERVICE IN FOREIGN NATIONS.—Any such demand or petition filed under subsection (k) may be served upon any person who is not to be found within the territorial jurisdiction of any court of the United States, in such manner as the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure prescribe for service in a foreign

1	country. To the extent that the courts of the United
2	States can assert jurisdiction over any such person
3	consistent with due process, the United States Dis-
4	trict Court for the District of Columbia shall have
5	the same jurisdiction to take any action respecting
6	compliance with this Act by any such person that
7	such court would have if such person were personally
8	within the jurisdiction of such court.
9	"(e) Service Upon Legal Entities and Natural
10	Persons.—
11	"(1) Legal entities.—Service of any civil in-
12	vestigative demand issued under subsection (a) or of
13	any petition filed under subsection (k) may be made
14	upon a partnership, corporation, association, or
15	other legal entity by—
16	"(A) delivering a duly executed copy of
17	such demand or petition to any partner, execu-
18	tive officer, managing agent, or general agent
19	of the partnership, corporation, association, or
20	entity, or to any agent thereof authorized by
21	appointment or by law to receive service of
22	process on behalf of such partnership, corpora-
23	tion, association, or entity;
24	"(B) delivering a duly executed copy of
25	such demand or petition to the principal office

1	or place of business of the partnership, corpora-
2	tion, association, or entity to be served; or
3	"(C) depositing an executed copy of such
4	demand or petition in the United States mails
5	by registered or certified mail, with a return re-
6	ceipt requested, duly addressed to such partner-
7	ship, corporation, association, or entity at its
8	principal office or place of business.
9	"(2) Natural Persons.—Service of any such
10	demand or petition may be made upon any natural
11	person by—
12	"(A) delivering a duly executed copy of
13	such demand or petition to the person to be
14	served; or
15	"(B) depositing an executed copy of such
16	demand or petition in the United States mails
17	by registered or certified mail, with a return re-
18	ceipt requested, duly addressed to such person
19	at the person's residence or principal office or
20	place of business.
21	"(f) Proof of Service.—A verified return by the
22	individual serving any civil investigative demand under
23	subsection (a) or any petition filed under subsection (k)
24	setting forth the manner of such service shall be proof of
25	such service. In the case of service by registered or cer-

1	tified mail, such return shall be accompanied by the return
2	post office receipt of delivery of such demand.
3	"(g) Documentary Material.—
4	"(1) Sworn certificates.—The production of
5	documentary material in response to a civil inves-
6	tigative demand served pursuant to this section shall
7	be made under a sworn certificate, in such form as
8	the demand designates, by—
9	"(A) in the case of a natural person, the
10	person to whom the demand is directed; or
11	"(B) in the case of a person other than a
12	natural person, a person having knowledge of
13	the facts and circumstances relating to such
14	production and authorized to act on behalf of
15	such person,
16	to the effect that all of the documentary material re-
17	quired by the demand and in the possession, cus-
18	tody, or control of the person to whom the demand
19	is directed has been produced and made available to
20	the custodian.
21	"(2) Production of Materials.—Any person
22	upon whom any civil investigative demand for the
23	production of documentary material has been served
24	under this section shall make such material available
25	for inspection and copying to the investigator identi-

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fied in such demand at the principal place of business of such person, or at such other place as the investigator and the person thereafter may agree and prescribe in writing, or as the court may direct under subsection (k)(1). Such material shall be made so available on the return date specified in such demand, or on such later date as the investigator may prescribe in writing. Such person may, upon written agreement between the person and the investigator, substitute copies for originals of all or any part of such material. "(h) Interrogatories.— "(1) Answers.—Each interrogatory in a civil investigative demand served pursuant to this section shall be answered separately and fully in writing under oath, and it shall be submitted under a sworn certificate, in such form as the demand designates, by— "(A) in the case of a natural person, the person to whom the demand is directed; or "(B) in the case of a person other than a natural person, the person or persons responsible for answering each interrogatory. "(2) Contents of Certificates.—The cer-

tificate submitted under paragraph (1) shall state

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that all information required by the demand and in the possession, custody, control, or knowledge of the person to whom the demand is directed has been submitted. To the extent that any information is not furnished, the information shall be identified and reasons set forth with particularity regarding the reasons why the information was not furnished.

"(3) OBJECTIONS.—If any interrogatory is objected to, the reasons for the objection shall be stated in the certificate instead of an answer.

## "(i) Oral Examinations.—

"(1) PROCEDURES.—The examination of any person pursuant to a civil investigative demand for oral testimony served under this section shall be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws of the United States or of the place where the examination is held. The officer before whom the testimony is to be taken shall put the witness on oath or affirmation and shall personally, or by someone acting under the direction of the officer and in the officer's presence, record the testimony of the witness. The testimony shall be taken stenographically and transcribed. When the testimony is fully transcribed, the officer before whom the testimony is taken shall promptly

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transmit a copy of the transcript of the testimony to the custodian. This subsection shall not preclude the taking of testimony by any means authorized by, and in a manner consistent with, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

"(2) Persons present.—The investigator conducting the examination shall exclude from the place where the examination is held all persons except the person giving the testimony, the attorney for and any other representative of the person giving the testimony, the attorney for the Government, any person who may be agreed upon by the attorney for the Government and the person giving the testimony, the officer before whom the testimony is to be taken, and any stenographer taking such testimony.

- "(3) Where testimony taken.—The oral testimony of any person taken pursuant to a civil investigative demand served under this section shall be taken in the judicial district of the United States within which such person resides, is found, or transacts business, or in such other place as may be agreed upon by the investigator conducting the examination and such person.
- "(4) Transcript of testimony.—When the testimony is fully transcribed, the investigator or the

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officer before whom the testimony is taken shall afford the witness (who may be accompanied by counsel) a reasonable opportunity to examine and read the transcript, unless such examination and reading are waived by the witness. Any changes in form or substance which the witness desires to make shall be entered and identified upon the transcript by the officer or the investigator with a statement of the reasons given by the witness for making such changes. The transcript shall then be signed by the witness, unless the witness in writing waives the signing, is ill, cannot be found, or refuses to sign. If the transcript is not signed by the witness within 30 days after being afforded a reasonable opportunity to examine it, the officer or the investigator shall sign it and state on the record the fact of the waiver, illness, absence of the witness, or the refusal to sign, together with the reason, if any, given therefor.

"(5) CERTIFICATION AND DELIVERY TO CUSTO-DIAN.—The officer before whom the testimony is taken shall certify on the transcript that the witness was duly sworn by the officer and that the transcript is a true record of the testimony given by the witness, and the officer or investigator shall promptly

deliver it or send it by registered or certified mail to
the custodian.

"(6) Furnishing or inspection of transcript by witness.—Upon payment of reasonable charges therefor, the investigator shall furnish a copy of the transcript to the witness only, except that the Attorney General, or the Attorney General's designee in accordance with this Act, may for good cause limit such witness to inspection of the official transcript of the witness's testimony.

## "(7) CONDUCT OF ORAL TESTIMONY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person compelled to appear for oral testimony under a civil investigative demand issued under subsection (a) may be accompanied, represented, and advised by counsel. Counsel may advise such person, in confidence, with respect to any question asked of such person. Such person or counsel may object on the record to any question, in whole or in part, and shall briefly state for the record the reason for the objection. An objection may be made, received, and entered upon the record when it is claimed that such person is entitled to refuse to answer the question on the grounds of any constitutional or other legal right or

1 privilege, including the privilege against self-in-2 crimination. Such person may not otherwise ob-3 ject to or refuse to answer any question, and 4 may not directly or through counsel otherwise 5 interrupt the oral examination. If such person 6 refuses to answer any question, a petition may 7 be filed in the district court of the United 8 States under subsection (k)(1) for an order 9 compelling such person to answer such ques-10 tion. 11 "(B) Compelled Testimony.—If such 12 person refuses to answer any question on the 13 grounds of the privilege against self-incrimina-14 tion, the testimony of such person may be com-15 pelled in accordance with the provisions of part 16 V of title 18, United States Code. 17 "(8) WITNESS FEES AND ALLOWANCES.—Any 18 person appearing for oral testimony under a civil in-19 vestigative demand issued under subsection (a) shall 20 be entitled to the same fees and allowances which 21 are paid to witnesses in the district courts of the 22 United States. 23 "(j) Custodians of Documents, Answers, and Transcripts.—

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"(1) Designation.—The Attorney General, or designee in accordance with this Act, shall designate an investigator to serve as custodian of documentary material, answers to interrogatories, and transcripts of oral testimony received under this section, and shall designate such additional investigators as the Attorney General determines from time to time to be necessary to serve as deputies of the custodian. "(2) Responsibility for materials; disclo-SURE.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—An investigator who receives any documentary material, answers to interrogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony under this section shall transmit them to the custodian. The custodian shall take physical possession of such material, answers, or transcripts and shall be responsible for the use made of them and for the return of documentary material under paragraph (4). "(B) Preparation.—The custodian may cause the preparation of such copies of such documentary material, answers to interrogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony as may be required for official use by any investigator, or other officer or employee of the Department

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of Justice. Such material, answers, and transcripts may be used by any such authorized investigator or other officer or employee in connection with the taking of oral testimony under this section.

"(C) NO EXAMINATION.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, no documentary material, answers to interrogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony, or copies thereof, while in the possession of the custodian, shall be available for examination by any individual other than an investigator or other officer or employee of the Department of Justice authorized under subparagraph (B). The prohibition in the preceding sentence on the availability of material, answers, or transcripts shall not apply if consent is given by the person who produced such material, answers, or transcripts, or, in the case of any product of discovery produced pursuant to an express demand for such material, consent is given by the person from whom the discovery was obtained. Nothing in this subparagraph is intended to prevent disclosure to the Congress, including any committee or subcommittee of the Congress, or to any other

1	agency of the United States for use by such
2	agency in furtherance of its statutory respon-
3	sibilities.
4	"(D) Examination by Certain Per-
5	SONS.—While in the possession of the custodian
6	and under such reasonable terms and conditions
7	as the Attorney General shall prescribe—
8	"(i) documentary material and an-
9	swers to interrogatories shall be available
10	for examination by the person who pro-
11	duced such material or answers, or by a
12	representative of that person authorized by
13	that person to examine such material and
14	answers; and
15	"(ii) transcripts of oral testimony
16	shall be available for examination by the
17	person who produced such testimony, or by
18	a representative of that person authorized
19	by that person to examine such transcripts.
20	"(3) Use of material, answers, or tran-
21	SCRIPTS IN OTHER PROCEEDINGS.—Whenever any
22	attorney of the Department of Justice has been des-
23	ignated to appear before any court, grand jury, or
24	Federal agency in any case or proceeding, the custo-
25	dian of any documentary material, answers to inter-

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rogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony received under this section may deliver to such attorney such material, answers, or transcripts for official use in connection with any such case or proceeding as such attorney determines to be required. Upon the completion of any such case or proceeding, such attorney shall return to the custodian any such material, answers, or transcripts so delivered that have not passed into the control of such court, grand jury, or agency through the introduction thereof into the record of such case or proceeding. "(4) Conditions for return of MATE-RIAL.—If any documentary material has been produced by any person in the course of any investigation pursuant to a civil investigative demand under this section, and— "(A) any case or proceeding before the court or grand jury arising out of such investigation, or any proceeding before any Federal agency involving such material, has been completed; or "(B) no case or proceeding in which such material may be used has been commenced within a reasonable time after completion of the examination and analysis of all documentary

1 material and other information assembled in 2 the course of such investigation, 3 the custodian shall, upon written request of the per-4 son who produced such material, return to such per-5 son any such material (other than copies furnished 6 to the investigator under subsection (g)(2) or made 7 for the Department of Justice under paragraph 8 (2)(B) of this subsection) that has not passed into 9 the control of any court, grand jury, or agency 10 through introduction into the record of such case or 11 proceeding. 12 "(5) APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR 13 CUSTODIANS.— 14 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the event of the 15 death, disability, or separation from service in 16 the Department of Justice of the custodian of 17 any documentary material, answers to interrog-18 atories, or transcripts of oral testimony pro-19 duced pursuant to a civil investigative demand 20 under this section, or in the event of the official 21 relief of such custodian from responsibility for 22 the custody and control of such material, an-23 swers, or transcripts, the Attorney General or 24 the Attorney General's designee in accordance 25 with this Act shall promptly—

1	"(i) designate another investigator to
2	serve as custodian of such material, an-
3	swers, or transcripts; and
4	"(ii) transmit in writing to the person
5	who produced such material, answers, or
6	testimony notice of the identity and ad-
7	dress of the successor so designated.
8	"(B) Successor.—Any person who is des-
9	ignated to be a successor under this paragraph
10	shall have, with regard to such material, an-
11	swers, or transcripts, the same duties and re-
12	sponsibilities as were imposed by this section
13	upon the predecessor in office of that person,
14	except that the successor shall not be held re-
15	sponsible for any default or dereliction that oc-
16	curred before that designation.
17	"(k) Judicial Proceedings.—
18	"(1) Petition for enforcement.—Whenever
19	any person fails to comply with any civil investiga-
20	tive demand issued under subsection (a), or when-
21	ever satisfactory copying or reproduction of any ma-
22	terial requested in such demand cannot be done and
23	such person refuses to surrender such material, the
24	Attorney General may file, in the district court of
25	the United States for any judicial district in which

such person resides, is found, or transacts business,

2	and serve upon such person a petition for an order
3	of such court for the enforcement of the civil inves-
4	tigative demand.
5	"(2) Petition to modify or set aside de-
6	MAND.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person who has
8	received a civil investigative demand issued
9	under subsection (a) may file, in the district
10	court of the United States for the judicial dis-
11	trict in which such person resides, is found, or
12	transacts business, and serve upon the investi-
13	gator identified in such demand a petition for
14	an order of the court to modify or set aside
15	such demand. In the case of a petition ad-
16	dressed to an express demand for any product
17	of discovery, a petition to modify or set aside
18	such demand may be brought only in the dis-
19	trict court of the United States for the judicial
20	district in which the proceeding in which such
21	discovery was obtained is or was last pending.
22	Any petition under this subparagraph must be
23	filed—
24	"(i) within 20 days after the date of
25	service of the civil investigative demand, or

I	at any time before the return date speci-
2	fied in the demand, whichever date is ear-
3	lier; or
4	"(ii) within such longer period as may
5	be prescribed in writing by any investigator
6	identified in the demand.
7	"(B) Grounds for relief.—The petition
8	shall specify each ground upon which the peti-
9	tioner relies in seeking relief under subpara-
10	graph (A), and may be based upon any failure
11	of the demand to comply with the provisions of
12	this section or upon any constitutional or other
13	legal right or privilege of such person. During
14	the pendency of the petition in the court, the
15	court may stay, as it deems proper, the running
16	of the time allowed for compliance with the de-
17	mand, in whole or in part, except that the per-
18	son filing the petition shall comply with any
19	portions of the demand not sought to be modi-
20	fied or set aside.
21	"(3) Petition to modify or set aside de-
22	MAND FOR PRODUCT OF DISCOVERY.—
23	"(A) In general.—In the case of any
24	civil investigative demand issued under sub-
25	section (a) that is an express demand for any

product of discovery, the person from whom
such discovery was obtained may file, in the dis-
trict court of the United States for the judicial
district in which the proceeding in which such
discovery was obtained is or was last pending,
and serve upon any investigator identified in
the demand and upon the recipient of the de-
mand, a petition for an order of such court to
modify or set aside those portions of the de-
mand requiring production of any such product
of discovery. Any petition under this subpara-
graph must be filed—
"(i) within 20 days after the date of
service of the civil investigative demand, or
at any time before the return date speci-
fied in the demand, whichever date is ear-
lier; or
"(ii) within such longer period as may
be prescribed in writing by any investigator
identified in the demand.
"(B) Grounds for relief.—The petition
shall specify each ground upon which the peti-
tioner relies in seeking relief under subpara-
graph (A), and may be based upon any failure
of the portions of the demand from which relief

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is sought to comply with the provisions of this section, or upon any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of the petitioner. During the pendency of the petition, the court may stay, as it deems proper, compliance with the demand and the running of the time allowed for compliance with the demand.

"(4) Petition to require performance by Custodian of Duties.—At any time during which any custodian is in custody or control of any documentary material or answers to interrogatories produced, or transcripts of oral testimony given, by any person in compliance with any civil investigative demand issued under subsection (a), such person, and in the case of an express demand for any product of discovery, the person from whom such discovery was obtained, may file, in the district court of the United States for the judicial district in which the office of such custodian is situated, and serve upon such custodian, a petition for an order of such court to require the performance by the custodian of any duty imposed upon the custodian by this section.

"(5) JURISDICTION.—Whenever any petition is filed in any district court of the United States under this subsection, such court shall have jurisdiction to

hear and determine the matter so presented, and to 1 2 enter such order or orders as may be required to 3 carry out the provisions of this section. Any final 4 order so entered shall be subject to appeal under 5 section 1291 of title 28, United States Code. Any 6 disobedience of any final order entered under this 7 section by any court shall be punished as a contempt 8 of the court. 9 "(6) Applicability of federal rules of 10 CIVIL PROCEDURE.—The Federal Rules of Civil Pro-11 cedure shall apply to any petition under this sub-12 section, to the extent that such rules are not incon-13 sistent with the provisions of this section. 14 "(1) DISCLOSURE EXEMPTION.—Any documentary 15 material, answers to written interrogatories, or oral testimony provided under any civil investigative demand issued 16 17 under subsection (a) shall be exempt from disclosure 18 under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, as de-19 scribed in subsection (b)(3) of such section. 20 "(m) Definitions.—In this section— 21 "(1) the term 'custodian' means the custodian, 22 or any deputy custodian, designated by the Attorney 23 General under subsection (j)(1); 24 "(2) the term 'documentary material' includes 25 the original or any copy of any book, record, report,

1 memorandum, paper, communication, tabulation, 2 chart, or other document, or data compilations 3 stored in or accessible through computer or other in-4 formation retrieval systems, together with instruc-5 tions and all other materials necessary to use or in-6 terpret such data compilations, and any product of 7 discovery: 8 "(3) the term 'investigation' means any inquiry 9 conducted for the purpose of ascertaining whether 10 any person is or has been engaged in any violation 11 of this Act; 12 "(4) the term 'investigator' means any attorney 13 or investigator employed by the Department of Jus-14 tice who is charged with the duty of enforcing or 15 carrying into effect this Act, or any officer or em-16 ployee of the United States acting under the direc-17 tion and supervision of such attorney or investigator 18 in connection with an investigation; 19 "(5) the term 'official use' means any use that 20 is consistent with the law, and the regulations and 21 policies of the Department of Justice, including use 22 in connection with internal Department of Justice 23 memoranda and reports; communications between 24 the Department of Justice and a Federal, State, or 25 local government agency, or a contractor of a Fed-

1	eral, State, or local government agency, undertaken
2	in furtherance of a Department of Justice investiga-
3	tion or prosecution of a case; oral examinations;
4	depositions; preparation for and response to civil dis-
5	covery requests; introduction into the record of a
6	case or proceeding; applications, motions, memo-
7	randa and briefs submitted to a court or other tri-
8	bunal; and communications with Government inves-
9	tigators, auditors, consultants and experts, the coun-
10	sel of other parties, arbitrators and mediators, con-
11	cerning an investigation, case or proceeding; and
12	"(6) the term 'product of discovery' includes—
13	"(A) the original or duplicate of any depo-
14	sition, interrogatory, document, thing, result of
15	the inspection of land or other property, exam-
16	ination, or admission, which is obtained by any
17	method of discovery in any judicial or adminis-
18	trative proceeding of an adversarial nature;
19	"(B) any digest, analysis, selection, com-
20	pilation, or derivation of any item listed in sub-
21	paragraph (A); and
22	"(C) any index or other manner of access
23	to any item listed in subparagraph (A).
24	"(n) Sunset.—The authority of the Attorney Gen-
25	eral to issue a civil investigative demand under this section

1	shall expire upon the expiration of the 5-year period that
2	begins on the date of enactment of this section.".
3	(b) Annual Reports by the Attorney Gen-
4	ERAL.—
5	(1) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
6	section:
7	(A) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
8	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of
9	Congress" means—
10	(i) the Committees on the Judiciary
11	and Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
12	(ii) the Committee on the Judiciary of
13	the House of Representatives.
14	(B) Documentary material; investiga-
15	TION.—The terms "documentary material" and
16	"investigation" have the meanings given those
17	terms in section 9 of the Foreign Agents Reg-
18	istration Act of 1938, as added by subsection
19	(a) of this section.
20	(C) FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT
21	OF 1938.—The term "Foreign Agents Registra-
22	tion Act of 1938" means the Foreign Agents
23	Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22
24	U.S.C. 611 et seq.).

1	(D) FOREIGN PRINCIPAL.—The term "for-
2	eign principal" has the meaning given the term
3	in section 1 of the Foreign Agents Registration
4	Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 611).
5	(2) Reports.—Not later than 1 year after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, and annually there-
7	after, the Attorney General, in consultation with the
8	Assistant Attorney General for National Security,
9	shall submit a report to the appropriate committees
10	of Congress detailing the usage, during the year pre-
11	ceding the date on which the report is submitted, of
12	the authority granted to the Attorney General to
13	issue civil investigative demands under section 9 of
14	the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as
15	added by subsection (a) of this section, including,
16	with respect to the year for which the report is sub-
17	mitted—
18	(A) the number of civil investigative de-
19	mands issued by the Attorney General;
20	(B) with respect to each civil investigative
21	demand issued by the Attorney General, a de-
22	scription of—
23	(i) the nature of the conduct consti-
24	tuting the alleged violation of the Foreign

1	Agents Registration Act of 1938 that was
2	under investigation;
3	(ii) the provision of that Act alleged
4	to have been violated;
5	(iii) the nature of any documentary
6	material, answers to interrogatories, or
7	oral testimony sought through the civil in-
8	vestigative demand; and
9	(iv) a description of the results of the
10	civil investigative demand, including wheth-
11	er, after the Attorney General issued the
12	civil investigative demand and as a result
13	of the civil investigative demand, the Attor-
14	ney General filed charges against any per-
15	son relating to an alleged violation of that
16	Act, regardless of whether the charges
17	were filed against the person to whom the
18	civil investigative demand was issued;
19	(C) with respect to petitions for orders for
20	the enforcement of civil investigative demands
21	under section 9(k)(1) of the Foreign Agents
22	Registration Act of 1938—
23	(i) the number of petitions that the
24	Attorney General filed in district courts of
25	the United States; and

1	(ii) with respect to each petition, a de-
2	tailed description of the circumstances that
3	led the Attorney General to file the peti-
4	tion;
5	(D) the number of registrations filed pur-
6	suant to the Foreign Agents Registration Act of
7	1938 and the name of each such registrant; and
8	(E) any other information relating to the
9	use of such authority that the Attorney General
10	determines to be relevant.
11	(3) Interests of uncharged third par-
12	TIES.—In preparing each report under paragraph
13	(2), with respect to reporting information described
14	in clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (2)(B), the At-
15	torney General shall give due regard to protecting
16	the interests of uncharged third parties.
17	SEC. 4. FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION CIVIL ENFORCE-
18	MENT.
19	Section 8 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of
20	1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 618) is amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(i) CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.—
23	"(1) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
24	"(A) REGISTRATION STATEMENTS.—

1	"(i) In general.—Any person who is
2	required to register under this Act and
3	fails to file a timely or complete registra-
4	tion statement required under section 2(a)
5	shall be subject to a civil fine of not more
6	than \$10,000 for each violation, without
7	regard to the state of mind of the person
8	"(ii) No fines paid by foreign
9	PRINCIPALS.—If a person is subject to a
10	civil fine under clause (i), the civil fine
11	may not be paid, directly or indirectly, by
12	a foreign principal.
13	"(B) Supplements.—Any person who is
14	required to file a supplement to a registration
15	statement under section 2(b) and fails to file $\epsilon$
16	timely or complete supplement required under
17	that section shall be subject to a civil fine of
18	not more than \$1,000 for each violation, with-
19	out regard to the state of mind of the person
20	"(C) Failure to remedy deficient fil-
21	INGS.—Any person who is required to file a reg-
22	istration statement under this Act, receives no-
23	tice under subsection (g) that the registration
24	statement filed by the person is deficient, and
25	knowingly fails to remedy the deficiency within

1 60 days after receiving the notice shall, upon 2 proof by a preponderance of the evidence of 3 such knowing failure to remedy the deficiency, 4 be subject to a civil fine of not more than 5 \$200,000, depending on the extent and gravity 6 of the violation. 7 "(D) OTHER VIOLATIONS.—Any person who knowingly fails to comply with any other 8 9 provision of this Act shall, upon proof by a pre-10 ponderance of the evidence of such knowing 11 failure to comply, be subject to a civil fine of 12 not more than \$200,000, depending on the ex-13 tent and gravity of the violation. 14 "(2) Use of fines.—All fines collected under 15 this subsection shall be used to defray the cost of 16 enforcing this Act.".